What is claimed is:

- 1. A method for transposed splitting of ion cut materials, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) introducing a plurality of acceptor centers into a solid material;
- (b) injecting a plurality of atoms into said material at a location spaced apart from the location of said acceptor centers;
 - (c) transporting said atoms toward said acceptor centers; and
- (d) expunging a layer of said material, wherein said expunged layer has a surface with a contour defined by said acceptor centers.
- 2. A method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of attaching said expunged layer to a second solid material.
- 3. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said solid material is attached to a second solid material prior to said expunging step.
- 4. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said solid material comprises a semiconductor material.
- 5. A method as recited in claim 4, wherein said semiconductor material comprises silicon.

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- 6. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said atoms comprise hydrogen atoms.
- 7. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said acceptor regions are formed
 by introducing a getter material into said solid material.
 - 8. A method as recited in claim 7, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of Group III materials.
 - 9. A method as recited in claim 7, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of gallium and boron.
 - 10. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by a force field.
 - 11. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by an electric field.
 - 12. A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said atoms are transported by diffusion.

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- 13. A method for transposed splitting of ion cut materials, comprising the steps of:
- (a) introducing a plurality of acceptor centers into a solid material, wherein said acceptor centers form a contour line in said material;
- (b) injecting a plurality of atoms into said material at a location spaced apart from the location of said acceptor centers;
 - (c) transporting said atoms toward the location of said acceptor centers; and
- (d) expunging a layer of said material, wherein said expunged layer has a surface with a contour following the contour line of said acceptor centers.
- 14. A method as recited in claim 13, further comprising the step of attaching said expunged layer to a second solid material.
- 15. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said solid material is attached to a second solid material prior to said expunging step.
- 16. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said solid material comprises a semiconductor material.
- 17. A method as recited in claim 16, wherein said semiconductor material comprises silicon.

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- 18. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said atoms comprise hydrogen atoms.
- 19. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said acceptor regions are formed
 5 by introducing a getter material into said solid material.
 - 20. A method as recited in claim 19, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of Group III materials.
 - 21. A method as recited in claim 19, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of gallium and boron.
 - 22. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by a force field.
 - 23. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by an electric field.

- 24. A method as recited in claim 13, wherein said atoms are transported by diffusion.
- 25. A method for transposed splitting of ion cut materials, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) introducing a plurality of acceptor centers into a solid material and forming
 a contour line in said material defined by said acceptor centers;
 - (b) injecting a plurality of atoms into said material at a location spaced apart from the contour line of said acceptor centers;
 - (c) transporting said atoms toward the contour line formed by said acceptor centers; and
 - (d) expunging a layer of said material along a contour line following the contour line of said acceptor centers.
 - 26. A method as recited in claim 25, further comprising the step of attaching said expunged layer to a second solid material.
 - 27. A method as recited in claim 25, wherein said solid material is attached to a second solid material prior to said expunging step.
 - 28. A method as recited in claim 25, wherein said solid material comprises a semiconductor material.

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- 29. A method as recited in claim 28, wherein said semiconductor material comprises silicon.
- 30. A method as recited in claim 25, wherein said atoms comprise hydrogen atoms.
 - 31. A method as recited in claim 25, wherein said acceptor regions are formed by introducing a getter material into said solid material.
 - 32. A method as recited in claim 31, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of Group III materials.
 - 33. A method as recited in claim 31, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of gallium and boron.
 - 34. A method as recited in claim 25, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by a force field.
 - 35. A method as recited in claim 25, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by an electric field.

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- 36. A method as recited in claim 25, wherein said atoms are transported by diffusion.
- 37. A method for transposed splitting of ion cut materials, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) introducing a plurality of acceptor centers into a solid material;
 - (b) introducing a plurality of atoms into said material at a location spaced apart from the location of said acceptor centers;
 - (c) transporting said atoms toward said acceptor centers; and
 - (d) expunging a layer of said material, wherein said expunged layer has a surface with a contour defined by said acceptor centers.
 - 38. A method as recited in claim 37, further comprising the step of attaching said expunged layer to a second solid material.
 - 39. A method as recited in claim 37, wherein said solid material is attached to a second solid material prior to said expunging step.
- 40. A method as recited in claim 37, wherein said solid material comprises a semiconductor material.

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- 41. A method as recited in claim 40, wherein said semiconductor material comprises silicon.
- 42. A method as recited in claim 37, wherein said atoms comprise hydrogen atoms.
 - 43. A method as recited in claim 37, wherein said acceptor regions are formed by introducing a getter material into said solid material.
 - 44. A method as recited in claim 43, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of Group III materials.
 - 45. A method as recited in claim 43, wherein said solid material comprises silicon and said getter material is selected from the group consisting of gallium and boron.
 - 46. A method as recited in claim 37, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by a force field.
 - 47. A method as recited in claim 37, wherein said atoms are transported by drift created by an electric field.

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48. A method as recited in claim 37, wherein said atoms are transported by diffusion.

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